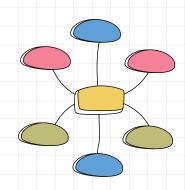


## Strategies to Support Dyslexia



Mindmapping can be helpful to support the organisation of ideas — for example when writing an essay, answering an exam question or thinking about an area in life that they would like to develop or change. Mind maps are a visual way of taking notes



Use text boxes or borders for headings or to highlight important text.

Avoid <u>underlining</u> and italics which can make words 'run together' - use bold text for titles, subheadings or to draw attention to important information, key vocabulary

Include flow charts, illustrations and diagrams to break up large sections of text and/or to demonstrate a particular procedure



Dyslexic learners can have difficulties processing information and may require extra time to complete tasks.



Break down tasks into small manageable chunks and give pupils instructions one at a time as they may have a short attention span.

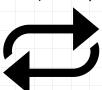
Pupils may lose concentration easily, so instructions should be short and well defined.



Pupils with Dyslexia often have a short attention span, therefore repeating tasks/instructions/processes will help clarify

understanding and expectations.

Ask pupils with dyslexia to repeat instructions so you can check their understanding - don't just ask if they understand and accept a yes answer!



Digital E-Books

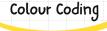
use of ICT

Allow pupils with dyslexia to complete their work on a computer if it's a preferred way of learning.

You may also be able to:

- Change screen background colours.
- · increase/change fonts
- · Have text read aloud to pupils.
  - Set timers on tasks
  - · Remove distractions from a page.
  - Enable pupils to replay audio instructions

Pupils may benefit from digital copies of books that can be read aloud. Some E-Books also allow pupils to change the settings to make them more accessible.





Colour-code text - for example content in one colour, questions in another.

There are many things you can do in the classroom to help dyslexic pupils manage and organise their learning:

Organisation

- Display prompts and reminders about what to do, where to find things, useful words, etc.
- Label equipment always keep this in the same place, indicate items when mentioned
- Provide desk-top mats/jotter inserts,
   alphabet, word banks,
   prompts and personal
- Provide planning formats/ writing frames/story skeletons for extended writing

target sheets.

